

Community Asset Transfer Legal process map

Community Ownership and Management of Assets



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Introduction

This legal process map forms part of a series of legal guidance notes and documents produced by Anthony Collins Solicitors for the My Community programme, which is funded by the Department for Communities and Local Government.

This paper is aimed at both local authorities and third sector organisations to promote good practice in community asset transfer with a view to making transfer more achievable in practice and more cost effective. *Third sector organisations* are referred to throughout the guidance as *TSO* for the sake of consistency.

Successful asset transfers involve a broad set of processes. This guide only deals with the legal aspects. The aim of this legal process map is to set out the legal implications and the necessary documents at each stage of the asset transfer process. In any given transaction, these may not be sequential or precisely as set out here; this is a guide not a prescription.

Explanatory notes

The legal process map follows the typical stages of an asset transfer, being the following:

- getting started, which covers preparatory work up to agreement on heads of terms and the overall scope of the transfer 'deal'
- investment readiness, which includes key elements that a local authority might look to have in place, such as a robust business plan for the asset or assets in question, reassurance on TSO governance, and State aid
- property development, including procurement and managing development
- taking a stake in an asset, including the process of negotiation of documents
- premises management, including monitoring after transfer and long term use.

For each stage, we have identified issues for the public sector and for TSOs. In the third column, on legal costs, we have put in an indicative figure for TSO costs for that element. These are broad guidelines of a likely minimum figure only, and actual costs may be more or less than those indicated, depending on the work involved at each stage. They are based on previous experience of carrying out this type of work for TSOs in this sector.

Disclaimer

This document is intended to be used as general guidance only. Neither Locality nor Anthony Collins Solicitors can accept any responsibility for any liability arising from its use in any given context. We would recommend that further legal advice is taken before application of the guidance/use of the documents in specific circumstances.

Process	Public sector issue	TSO issue	Indicative legal costs
element			for TSO
1. Getting starte	ed		
Impetus	 Public sector may start process with: review of single assets or wider property portfolio. disposal of a class of assets (e.g. community centres). disposal of assets in a given neighbourhood disposal of assets by service (e.g. youth services). 	 TSO may seek to start process by: registering asset, or a number of assets, as of community value under the Right to Bid. direct approach to the owning body. asking DCLG to consider exercising Public Right to Order Disposal. consulting with the community on their appetite for your proposals. 	
Property	Public sector gathers information to inform decision making: review asset register. assessing each asset. understand each asset's potential for development or alternative use. understanding what is owned and for what purpose. reviewing use and planning status.	Establish land ownership, knowing what is being transferred, and any limitations on the use of the land. Review any planning restrictions or current permissions, understanding planning status, rights of way. Your local authority may be able to supply this information; an independent solicitor will able to verify.	£350 for initial review of legal title and covenants.

Process	Public sector issue	TSO issue	Indicative legal costs
element			for TSO
		Visit the site, possibly with a surveyor, to take	
		stock of the condition of the asset and any	
		potential liabilities, i.e. contamination, listed	
		building status, presence of designated	
		invasive plants on the site, such as Japanese	
		Knotweed.	
Powers	Establish under which powers the public sector	Establish the extent of the TSO's powers to	
	body is seeking to transfer, in the light of	own property, with reference to its governing	
	developing case law and relevant permissions	document.	
	that they have, including consideration of		
	transfer at an undervalue.	Understand the limitations for the public	
		sector - local authorities can only do things	
	Ensure there is a clear pathway for obtaining the	where they have a power in statute that	
	authority for the proposed transfer (see	enables them to do so.	
	flowchart on powers to dispose, requirements on		
	disposing at less than market value).	Consider the role of other relevant public	
		bodies, including parish or town councils,	
	Consider impact of any procurement of services	alongside district or county authorities.	
	or TUPE implications associated with the asset.		

Process	Public sector issue	TSO issue	Indicative legal costs
element			for TSO
		Seek to register asset as of community value	
		under the 'Right to Bid'? (see asset transfer	
		and the Right to Bid compared).	
Obtaining	Contact legal services department in the Council	Consider obtaining independent legal advice	
support	at an early stage, so that they are aware of	(see good practice in negotiations factsheet).	
	proposals and can provide initial advice. This will		
	help shape discussions and avoid delay later in	Get at least three estimates and ask for	
	the process (see good practice in negotiations	evidence of knowledge of asset transfer, or at	
	<u>factsheet</u>).	least working with local authorities and TSOs.	
	Ensure that there is a continuing dialogue	Consider whether tax advice from an	
	between the Council's legal team and its estate	accountant might also be useful.	
	managers who are responsible for the asset(s) in		
	question.		
Formal process	Follow due process, including dealing with	Be aware of public sector timescales, factoring	
	approvals.	this into planning and development schedules.	
	Understand member approval process including	Transfers often require formal approvals from	
	timescale for decisions required by Cabinet or	Council committees which require reports and	
	full authority meetings.	agendas to be set, often well in advance	

	Public sector issue	TSO issue	Indicative legal costs
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		(sometimes months). Council contacts should	
		be able to give details.	
Policy	Understand the link between policy and	Ensure planned work is complementary to	
	transfer, including community strategy/plan,	public sector strategies; developing	
	asset management, service transformation,	appropriate partnerships.	
	relevant national and local policy issues.		
		Become familiar with the relevant Council	
	Document the policy justification for transfer.	policies (usually on the Council website) and an	
		awareness of the list of 'assets of community	
	Link to duties around list of assets of community	value'.	
	value.		
Managing the	Use the memoranda of understanding and other	Use the memoranda of understanding and other	£600 to prepare draft
process	legal tools to clarify how each organisation will	legal tools to clarify how each organisation will	memorandum of
	work with the other (see example expectations	work with the other. These can be fairly	understanding from
	memorandum and explanatory note).	informal but need to set out clearly who is	template.
		going to do what by when, and how the TSO	
	Develop strong working relations with TSO to	and the Council are going to work together (see	
	avoid a 'them against us' mentality developing.	example expectations memorandum and	
		explanatory note).	

Process	Public sector issue	TSO issue	Indicative legal costs
element			for TSO
		It is beneficial to develop strong working	
		relationships with key individuals at the Council	
		to ensure that the project is kept on track and	
		runs smoothly.	
Heads of terms	Provide clarity on what is to be transferred, to	Provide clarity on what is to be transferred, to	£450 for review of
	whom, on what terms - recorded in heads of	whom, on what terms - recorded in heads of	heads of terms prior to
	terms document. Including review of	terms document. Important to seek legal	agreement.
	comparative benefits of freehold or leasehold	advice by this stage to ensure that the heads of	
	transfer (see heads of terms).	terms written up do accurately reflect what	
		has been agreed (see heads of terms).	
Timescale	Draw up a timeline including relevant approvals	Draw up a timeline including consideration by	£500 to establish
	by members or cabinet. Where more than one	the board or lead steering group.	governance
	asset is being transferred, reflecting this		parameters and
	realistically in the timescale and communicating		prepare timeline of
	this to the TSO.		approvals.
Repairs/	Undertake condition survey, agreeing works to	Review condition survey, agreeing works to	£ variable.
refurbishment	be carried out prior to transfer to put property	ensure minimum liability, and consideration of	
	into acceptable condition or how any work is	further refurbishment.	
	going to be carried out.		

Process	Public sector issue	TSO issue	Indicative legal costs
element			for TSO
		Consider any necessary planning	
		permissions/amendments.	
		Clarify development objectives (see	
		development and procurement and on	
		construction contracts).	

Process element	Public sector issue	TSO issue	Indicative legal costs for TSO
2. Investment re			
Governance	Understanding good practice in community governance. Ensure that you: • put appropriate accountability in place • recognise that TSOs are diverse: some serve communities of interest, others particular neighbourhoods or wider areas • make the governance reflect the aims and aspirations of the TSO • review equality and diversity obligations where necessary or relevant.	 Potential legal structures for community organisations, governance standards and helping community organisations be 'fit for purpose' whether a new legal entity needs to be created in order to receive the asset(s) where TSOs are neighbourhood based, and look at: achieving community accountability understanding how organisations are accountable to their communities. amending governance arrangements accordingly if needed, including compliance with Right to Bid criteria if relevant (see the Right to Bid) 	 Review of current constitution and report £500 Updating constitution including drafting changes and filing £950 Incorporation of new structure £1500.

Process	Public sector issue	TSO issue	Indicative legal costs
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State aid	Understand the application of the State aid rules	Avoid future State aid clawback and liability.	Initial assessment
	and addressing potential problems in asset		£500.
	transfer (see <u>asset transfer and state aid</u>).		
Contractual	Understand TSO funding sources and	Review funding arrangements, including	Depends on form of
	implications for transactions e.g. length of term	managing grant conditions and dealing with	funding and
	of any lease, including possible models such as	different forms of investment.	documentation.
	community share issues and social investment.		
		Review funding possibilities including	
	Recognise that it can be important for TSOs to	community share issues, etc. and adapt or	
	able to assign leases and sub-let to make	alter legal structures to suit.	
	funding commitments and business models work.		
		Have an awareness of new Social Investment	
	Recognise that TSOs need flexibility regarding	Tax Relief and relevance for TSO.	
	the use they can make of the asset in order to		
	make the project financially viable.		
Managing risk	Assess the risks in the transaction, taking steps	Assess risks in the transaction, taking steps to	
	to manage appropriately. Take a balanced view	manage appropriately.	
	on the allocation of risk.		

Process element	Public sector issue	TSO issue	Indicative legal costs for TSO
3. Property dev	elopment		
Procurement	Understand the impact of the procurement	Take public sector requirements into account;	Depending on need:
	rules, including:	bidding for contract(s) if necessary.	initial advice on
	when property/development agreements		compliance with the
	must be 'procured'.		procurement process
	what may be done to promote the use of		(if it applies) - £250.
	community enterprises and achieve		
	community benefits.		
Development	Agree on how any development/refurbishment is	Engage with the professional team as	£ variable.
	to be carried out. Enter into development	necessary.	
	contracts where this is the appropriate model.		
		Enter into contracts where needed (see	
		development and procurement and on	
		construction contracts).	
Managing	Ensuring that development risks are managed.	Manage the development process:	
development			
		Liaising with employer's agent and signing	
		off stages.	

Process	Public sector issue	TSO issue	Indicative legal costs
element			for TSO
		Being aware of health and safety	
		obligations.	
		• Ensure relevant planning consents obtained.	
		Manage the payment mechanisms under	
		construction contracts and ensuring that	
		sufficient funds are available to meet those	
		liabilities on time.	

Process	Public sector issue	TSO issue	Indicative legal costs
element			for TSO
4. Take a stake	e in an asset		
Property	Negotiate transfer documents - ensuring that documents maintain community accountability and service levels where applicable. Relate terms back to key objectives for the authority. Review covenants in lease or on freehold transfer to ensure they are appropriate (see model lease and explanatory note), also note identifying key issues of difference. Consider whether any additional documentation is required to govern on-going relationship with TSO post transfer.	Understand the nature of the transfer offered, i.e. understand leases and their terms including enabling the long term future objectives of the TSO. Ensure lease or freehold transfer allows organisation to follow its key development objectives. Understand responsibilities in relation to the land, including completing a 'due diligence' exercise on legal title - again separate legal advice is likely to be needed here. Explore existence of warranties and whether the benefit of these warranties will be assigned as part of transfer process.	 £2500 freehold transfer £2500 lease Searches cost between £500 -£800 per property.

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		Review of tax issues - accountancy support	
		may also be helpful.	
		See model lease and explanatory note, also	
		note identifying key issues of difference.	
Lettings	Recognising importance of sub-lettings to	Dealing with sub-leases, including agreements	Sublease £2500
	business model where necessary (see options for	to lease (see options for renting out space).	• Licence £950.
	renting out space).		
Employment	Understand any staffing implications, reviewing	Advice on the impact of the <u>Transfer of</u>	Advising on the
	impact of transfer (see <u>extended note on TUPE</u>	<u>Undertakings (Protection of Employment)</u>	process to be
	<u>issues)</u> .	Regulations (TUPE) where there is an asset	followed to comply
		transfer.	with TUPE - £500
			Other costs
		Managing transfer.	£ variable.
		Dealing with pensions (see <u>extended note on</u>	
		TUPE issues).	

Process element	Public sector issue	TSO issue	Indicative legal costs for TSO			
etement			101 130			
5. Premises Management						
Long term	Enable an appropriate range of long term uses.	Deal with future use including enterprise and	Licences to alter or			
management		trading activity.	sublet £950			
			depending on lease			
			terms.			
Employment		Good practice in employment for community				
		organisations post transfer including awareness				
		of obligations under the Equality Act 2010.				
Business Rates	Consider position in relation to TSO reliefs.	Consider application for either mandatory or				
		discretionary relief.				
Insurance		Limit liability including on employment and				
		premises issues.				
Accountability	Monitor after transfer, including appropriate use	Report to the community and to the public	• £ variable			
	and achieving success for all parties.	sector (see template Joint Working				
		Agreement).				
	Consider use of joint working tools for codifying					
	productive working relationships (see template	Ensure compliance obligations are met				
	Joint Working Agreement).	including: Health and Safety, accessibility,				
		environmental health, fire regulations,				

Process	Public sector issue	TSO issue	Indicative legal costs
element			for TSO
		servicing and testing of electrical and gas	
		equipment, Disclosure and Barring Service	
		(DBS) checks if relevant, planning regulations,	
		building regulations and Construction (Design	
		and Management) Regulations.	



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